# Tate Environmental Policy

Tate recognises that its operations and activities have an impact on the environment. As set out in Tate's 2015 Vision and Environmental Sustainability Strategy to 2015, Tate is committed to reducing this impact through taking action across our sphere of influence. This encompasses improving the environmental performance of our operations through action within Tate and in partnership with the local community, and seeking to foster environmental sustainability within the cultural sector and wider society.

Tate's Environmental Policy applies to all activities and operations across Tate sites. Key areas of environmental impact include:

- curating, installing and de-installing exhibitions and displays;
- caring for, transporting and storing the Tate Collection;
- retail;
- catering;
- building construction, operation and maintenance; and
- office processes.

In 2014/15, Tate is committed to:

- reducing our total scope 1 and 2 emissions per square metre by 18 per cent on a 2007/08 baseline;
- implementing sustainable procurement across our operations;
- ongoing compliance with all relevant environmental legislation and other requirements to which Tate subscribes; and
- developing, implementing and maintaining an Environmental Management System (EMS), including:

    - reviewing the range of environmental impacts arising from our activities;
    - setting environmental objectives and targets for activities with the most significant impact;
    - continually improving environmental performance through taking action to reduce these impacts, including reducing pollution and the risk of pollution;
    - supporting staff through appropriate training to ensure that this policy is understood and implemented across all operations; and
    - regularly reviewing environmental performance and progress against objectives and targets to ensure continual improvement.

This policy will be reviewed annually by Directors Group and the Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees formally adopted this statement on 2 July 2014.